

#### WHATCOM TRANSPORTATION POLICY BOARD

#### Wednesday, January 17, 2018, 3:30-5:00 p.m.

Gordon W. Rogers Conference Room 314 East Champion Street Bellingham, Washington

#### **AGENDA**

#### **PAGES**

6-7

23-25

Α.	CALL TO	ORDER

#### B. PUBLIC COMMENT

Citizens may speak informally to the Board on matters pertinent to its statutory responsibilities and which are not the subject of a public hearing. Each speaker is allowed a maximum of three minutes.

- C. AGENDA APPROVAL\*
- 2-5 D. APPROVAL OF MINUTES\*

  Meeting of October 11, 2017
  - E. OLD BUSINESS

#### F. PUBLIC HEARING

Amend the 2018 WCOG Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

- 1. Staff Presentation Lethal Coe
- 2. Open Public Hearing Citizens may address the Board on the subject of the hearing for a maximum of three minutes.
- 3. Close Public Hearing\*
- 4. Board Discussion

#### G. NEW BUSINESS

- 1. TIP Amendment No. 1801\*
- 8-17 2. Adopt 2018 WCOG Cost Allocation Plan Ron Cubellis\*
- 18-22 3. Adopt Washington's Highway Safety Improvement Program Target Hugh Conroy\*
  - Appointment of Mark Robbins to Citizens' Transportation Advisory Group –
     Bob Wilson\*
  - 5. Other New Business (if any)
  - H. PLANNING DIRECTOR'S REPORT Hugh Conroy
  - . CORRESPONDENCE
  - J. BOARD OPEN FORUM
  - K. ADJOURN

<sup>\*</sup> Action item

# WHATCOM TRANSPORTATION POLICY BOARD MINUTES – DRAFT October 11, 2017

#### IN ATTENDANCE:

MEMBERS VOTING: Michael McAuley, Port of Bellingham (1st Vice-Chairman); Terry

Bornemann, Bellingham; Harry Robinson, Blaine; Jon Mutchler, Ferndale; Scott Korthuis, Lynden; Tom Jones, Nooksack; Todd Carlson (for Jay Drye), WSDOT; Satpal Sidhu, Whatcom County; Paul Greenough, WTA; EX-OFFICIO:

Donna Gibbs, Western Washington University

GUESTS Michael Lilliquist, Bellingham; Tom Parker, Parker Northwest; Joe Rutan,

Whatcom County; Pete Stark, WTA; Greg Young, Ferndale

STAFF Bob Wilson (Secretary), Ron Cubellis, Hugh Conroy, Lethal Coe

#### A. CALL TO ORDER

First Vice-Chairman McAuley, acting as chairman, called the meeting to order at 4:31 p.m. with a quorum present.

#### B. PUBLIC COMMENT

No members of the public were present.

#### C. AGENDA APPROVAL

**MOTION**: Mr. Korthuis moved, Mr. Bornemann seconded, to approve the agenda.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

#### D. MINUTES

**MOTION**: Mr. Bornemann moved, Mr. Korthuis seconded, to approve the minutes of the meeting of July 12, 2017.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

#### E. OLD BUSINESS

No old business was discussed.

#### F. PUBLIC HEARINGS

F.1 Amend the WCOG Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

Mr. Coe described proposed TIP Amendment No. 1710:

- 1. Amend WSDOT project SR 542/I-5 to Hannegan Road Vicinity ADA Compliance to increase the preliminary engineering and construction phases by a combined \$347,516, bringing the total estimated cost of the project to \$879,671.
- 2. Add new WSDOT project *I-5/Squalicum Creek* to SR 539 Bridge Deck Overlays. The project will rehabilitate select bridges on I-5 and is funded with federal National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) funds, with preliminary engineering beginning in 2017 and construction in 2019. The total estimated cost is \$868,776.
- 3. Add new WSDOT project *I-5/Northwest Avenue Interchange* ADA Compliance. The project will evaluate and improve pedestrian safety at the I-5 Northwest Avenue interchange and is funded with NHPP funds, with preliminary engineering beginning in 2017 and construction in 2019. The total estimated cost is \$62,769.
- 4. Remove City of Bellingham project West Horton Road, Phase 1 (construction). The project will be programmed in the regional TIP and the STIP at a later time.

#### PUBLIC HEARING OPENED AT 4:37 P.M.

No members of the public were present.

MOTION: Mr. Korthuis moved, Mr. Bornemann seconded, to close the public hearing.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

## PUBLIC HEARING CLOSED AT 4:37 P.M.

**MOTION:** Mr. Bornemann moved, Mr. Korthuis seconded, to approve Amendment No. 1710 to the Whatcom Council of Governments' 2017 Transportation Improvement Program.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

F.2 Adopt the 2018 WCOG Transportation Improvement Program

Mr. Coe briefly described the draft 2018 TIP, which was included in the meeting packet.

#### PUBLIC HEARING OPENED AT 4:43 P.M.

No members of the public were present.

**MOTION:** Mr. Bornemann moved, Mr. Jones seconded, to close the public hearing.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

#### PUBLIC HEARING CLOSED AT 4:43 P.M.

#### G. NEW BUSINESS

G.1 Resolution No. 2017-10-1, Adopting the 2018 Transportation Improvement Program

**MOTION:** Mr. Jones moved, Mr. Korthuis seconded, to adopt Resolution No. 2017-10-1, approving the 2018 Transportation Improvement Program.

#### **MOTION PASSED**

#### H. PLANNING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Mr. Conroy briefed the Board on the following:

- Following up on the presentation that WSDOT made to the Policy Board in July, there is now a draft Washington Transportation Plan available for public review and feedback at <a href="https://www.washtranplan.com">www.washtranplan.com</a>.
- WCOG completed its Unified Planning Work Program annual report and submitted it to WSDOT in September. The report was distributed recently via email to the Policy Board members.
- Related to ongoing discussion of updated federal planning rules moving states and metropolitan planning organizations toward performance-based planning and programming, Mr. Conroy distributed copies of a recent WSDOT folio that describes many of the requirements and timelines (which have only recently been finalized through federal rulemaking).
- Scope-of-work and request-for-proposal preparations for next year's household travel survey and collection of external traffic counts.
- The successful Farmhouse Gang-sponsored "Health and Transportation Forum" in Mt. Vernon on September 8<sup>th</sup>, organized and facilitated by Melissa Fanucci and Mary Anderson.
- Recent activities and continuing work on the Accessible Transportation
   Communities Initiative (ATCI) grant received last year from the Easter Seals
   organization. The newly-formed Whatcom ATCI Committee completed a
   workshop in early September and will now begin planning for the implementation
   of mobility strategies.
- International Mobility and Trade Corridor (IMTC) Program activities, including
  progress on planning and implementing cross-border pedestrian safety and
  accessibility improvements, confirmation of \$30,000 in IMTC operating funding
  from the Vancouver Airport Authority, and the recent publication of IMTC's 2017
  Resource Manual, copies of which were distributed to the representatives and
  other attendees at the meeting.

WTPB Minutes October 11, 2017 Page 4

#### I. CORRESPONDENCE

Mr. Wilson referred to the two pieces of correspondence included in the meeting packet: an e-mail from Matt Aamot of the Whatcom County Planning Department commending Mr. Coe for technical assistance he rendered, and a funding-award letter from WSDOT.

#### J. BOARD OPEN FORUM

No comments were offered by the representatives.

#### K. ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 5:02 p.m.

Jack Louws	Robert H. Wilson, AICP	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Vice-Chairman	Secretary	



## **MEMORANDUM**

To: Whatcom Transportation Policy Board

From: Lethal Coe, Senior Planner

Date: January 8, 2018

Subject: WCOG 2018 TIP Amendments and Administrative Modifications

**Amendment 1 (1801)** of the 2018 WCOG Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) includes the following changes:

- Add new Whatcom project Guardrail Safety Program. This project will install guardrails at various sites countywide and is funded through federal Highway Safety Improvement Program – Guardrail Safety Program. Construction will begin 2019.
- Add new Bellingham project State-Ellis Bridge Replacement. This project removes and replaces existing bridge and is funded by federal 2017 Local Bridge Program funds. Construction will begin in 2019.
- Add new WSDOT project NWR Breakaway Cable Terminal Replacement-Non-Interstate 17-19.
  This project removes and replaces guardrails that meet current standards and is funded by
  federal Highway Safety Improvement Program funds. Construction will begin in 2019.
- 4. Add new WSDOT project *NWR Breakaway Cable Terminal Replacement Interstate 17-19*. This project removes and replaces guardrails that meet current standards and is funded by federal Highway Safety Improvement Program funds. Construction will begin in 2019.
- 5. Add new WSDOT project *Regionwide Shoulder Rumble Strip Installation (17-19).* This project will install rumblestrips at various locations and is funded by federal Highway Safety Improvement Program funds. Construction will begin in 2019.
- 6. Amend current WSDOT project SR 20/Newhalem to Lillian Creek Rumblestrip Installation to revise funding for PE and CN phases. Construction will begin in 2019.

Formal TIP Amendments require review and resolution from the Policy Board to amend the current TIP and make federal funding accessible.

**ACTION REQUESTED**: Approve Amendment 1801 for the Whatcom Council of Governments 2018 Transportation Improvement Program.

## Whatcom Council of Governments 2017 Transportation Improvement Program

## Amendment 1 (1801) Table

#	Agency	Project Title	Amended Action	Added Funds \$	Total Costs \$	Fed Source
1	Whatcom	Guardrail Safety Program	Add new project	910,000	910,000	HSIP
2	Bellingham	State-Ellis Bridge Replacement	Add new project	3,426,355	3,426,355	BR
3	WSDOT	NWR Breakaway Cable Terminal Replacement- Non-Interstate 17-19	Add new project	11,599	11,599	HSIP
4	WSDOT	NWR Breakaway Cable Terminal Replacement - Interstate 17-19	Add new project	151,107	151,107	HSIP
5	WSDOT	Regionwide Shoulder Rumble Strip Installation (17-19)	Add new project	106,116	106,116	HSIP
6	WSDOT	SR 20/Newhalem to Lillian Creek - Rumblestrip Installation	Amend PE, CN, and total cost	751,083	1,881,702	PE - HSIP CN - STP

**Recent Non-Amendment TIP Activities -** administrative modifications are less substantial project changes that <u>do not require Policy Board action</u> and are administered by WCOG staff.

#### **Administrative Modifications - 1801**

Agency	Project	Modification Administered	Total Costs	Federal Source
WSDOT	SR 20/Lillian Creek to Granite Creek - Rumblestrip Installation	Remove PE phase and update CN funding	698,349	HSIP



#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: Whatcom Transportation Policy Board

From: Ron Cubellis, CPA AICP

Deputy Executive Director / CFO

Date: January 9, 2018

Subject: Consideration of the 2018 Cost Allocation Plan

Request approval of the WCOG 2018 Cost Allocation Plan.

#### **BACKGROUND**

A cost allocation plan is the federally approved way to allocate overhead and employee benefits to federally funded activities. The feds want to make sure they are not paying more than their fair share of the indirect expenses such as administrative staff, the electric bill, paid holidays, etc.

This is just the second year the policy board, or any WCOG board, has been asked to approve the plan. The Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT), the largest state agency passing federal funds through to WCOG, used to approve/accept/acknowledge our plan. But as a result of the federal government updating their uniform administrative requirements 2 years ago, WSDOT has taken the position that they no longer have that responsibility. Instead, they incorporated a requirement into our 2-year funding agreement that they will only reimburse indirect costs that are based on a plan approved by the Metropolitan Planning Organization policy board.

The 2018 allocation plan following this memo is based on the WCOG budget adopted by the Council Board last month. If the year goes exactly as budgeted, the rates determined by the plan will ensure that WCOG recaptures the full overhead and benefit costs incurred during the year. This is referred to as the *fixed rate with carryforward* method. The recovery rates are fixed for the year and since life doesn't always unfold as we plan, the under or over recaptured amounts are carried forward into the following year.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the 2018 Cost Allocation Plan.

#### REQUESTED ACTION

Approve the Whatcom Council of Governments 2018 Cost Allocation Plan as presented.



## whatcom council of governments

# 2018 Cost Allocation Plan

DRAFT 1-10-2018

Whatcom Council of Governments 314 East Champion Street Bellingham, WA 98225 (360) 676-6974

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Cost Allocation Plan Proposal Certification	3
Introduction	4
Allocation Method	4
Employee Organization Chart	4
Indirect Cost Rate	
Table 1: 2017 Income & Expenses	5
Table 2: 2017 Indirect Salaries & Benefits	6
Table 3: Reconciliation of 2017 Indirect Cost Recovery	6
Table 4: Estimated 2018 Indirect Salaries & Benefits	7
Table 5: 2018 Estimated Indirect, Excluded & Direct Costs	7
Table 6: 2018 Indirect Cost Rate Calculation	7
Fringe Benefit Rate	
Table 7: Reconciliation of 2017 Fringe Benefit Recovery	8
Table 8: Estimated 2018 Fringe Benefit Costs	8
Table 9: 2018 Fringe Benefit Rate Calculation	9

#### WHATCOM COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

# COST ALLOCATION PLAN PROPOSAL CERTIFICATION

January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018

This is to certify that I have reviewed the cost allocation plan proposal submitted herewith and to the best of my knowledge and belief:

(1) All costs included in this proposal dated January 9, 2018, to establish billing or final indirect cost rates for January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2108, are allowable in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200 and the Federal award(s) to which they apply. Unallowable costs have been adjusted for in allocating costs as indicated in the cost allocation plan.
 (2) All costs included in this proposal are properly allocable to Federal awards on the basis of a beneficial or causal relationship between the expenses incurred and the Federal awards to which they are allocated in accordance with applicable requirements. Further, the same costs that have been treated as indirect costs have not been claimed as direct costs. Similar types of costs have been accounted for consistently.

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct.

Whatcom Council of Governments

Robert H. Wilson, Executive Director

Date

Passed and approved this 17th day of January, 2018, in Bellingham, Washington, a quorum being present.

Board Officer, Title

#### INTRODUCTION

The Whatcom Council of Governments 2018 staffing levels and indirect costs are expected to remain at 2017 levels. The billed rates however will be lower than 2017. The 2017 rates included large adjustments to recapture under-recovered 2016 expenses. For comparison, the 2017 indirect and benefit rates were 76.49% and 75.37% respectively.

The 2018 fixed rates are:

Indirect Costs 69.97% Fringe Benefits 66.33%

#### **ALLOCATION METHOD**

The Whatcom Council of Governments uses the fixed rate with carry forward method to allocate indirect costs and fringe benefits. During the budgeting process rates are established by estimating indirect cost as a percentage of direct labor costs and the fringe benefits as a percentage of direct, excluded and indirect labor costs. The rates are used to allocate indirect and fringe benefit costs each month regardless of actual costs incurred. After the close of each calendar year, the indirect and fringe costs recovered are compared to the actual costs to determine the amount to carry forward as an adjustment to the following year's rates.

## Whatcom Council of Governments 2018 Organizational Structure

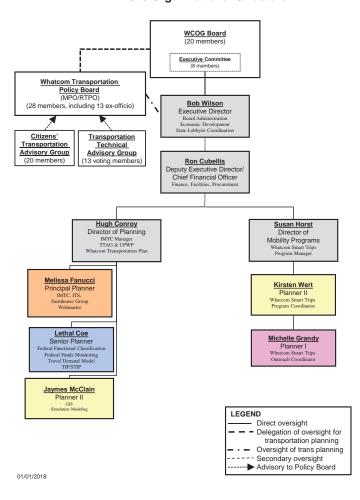


Table 1: 2017 Income and Expenses

Whatcom Council of Governments Actual 2017 Income & Expenditures					
INCOME Member Dues Local State Federal Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$	146,047 133,981 329,550 929,830 1,768 23,381			
TOTAL INCOME	\$	1,564,557			
Communication Services Consultants & Contracted Svcs Incentives Insurance - Property & Liability Office Equipment & Software Pass-Through Funding Payroll - Salaries & Wages Payroll - Benefits & Taxes Printing Professional Development Rent Repair & Maintenance Supplies Travel Utilities Miscellaneous	\$	29,730 154,834 10,955 9,710 20,341 55,857 680,665 283,912 21,685 10,057 84,944 3,070 8,553 13,336 13,499 11,774			
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	1,412,922			

Table 2: 2017 Indirect Salaries & Benefits

POSITION		SALARIES	<b>BENEFITS</b>	TOTALS
Executive Director		\$ 6,362	\$ 4,796	\$ 11,158
Deputy Director		87,619	66,038	153,657
Principal Planner		1,284	968	2,252
	Totals	\$ 95,265	\$ 71,802	\$ 167,067

**Table 3: Reconciliation of 2017 Indirect Cost Recovery** 

2017 Actual Expenses	F	Total Expenses		Indirect		Excluded		Direct
Wages (excluding paid leave)	_	\$575,050		\$95,265	\$	1,223	\$	478,562
Benefits (including paid leave)		389,527		71,802	ľ	921	*	316,804
Subtotal	\$	964,577	\$	167,067	\$	2,144	\$	795,366
Communication Services		29,730	٠	15,479		32		14,219
Consultants & Contracted Svcs		154,834		8,167		41,882		104,785
Incentives		10,955		-		-		10,955
Insurance - Property & Liability		9,710		9,710		_		-
Office Equipment & Software		20,341		19,859		-		482
Pass-Through Funding		55,857		-		-		55,857
Printing		21,685		_		562		21,123
Professional Development		10,057		1,284		93		8,680
Rent		84,944		84,944		-		-
Repair & Maintenance		3,070		3,070		-		-
Supplies		8,553		5,793		-		2,760
Travel		13,336		402		732		12,202
Utilities		13,499		13,499		-		-
Miscellaneous		11,774		239		5,823		5,712
Subtotal	\$	448,345	\$	162,446	\$	49,124	\$	236,775
Totals	\$	1,412,922	\$	329,513	\$	51,268	\$	1,032,141
				\$329,513	Ac	tual year 2017	indire	ect costs
				45,552	+/-	2016 indirect of	cost c	carry-forward
			\$	375,065	Ind	lirect eligible fo	r rec	overy in 2017
				366,052	Ind	lirect cost reco	vered	l in 2017
			\$	9.013	Un	der/(over) reco	verv	in 2017
			<u>r</u>	-,-		arried forward in	•	

Table 4: Estimated 2018 Indirect Salaries & Benefits

POSITION		SALARIES	В	<b>ENEFITS</b>	TOTALS
Executive Director		\$ 6,188	\$	3,981	\$ 10,169
Deputy Director		92,290		59,369	151,659
Principal Planner		1,759		1,132	2,891
	Totals	\$ 100,237	\$	64,482	\$ 164,719

Table 5: 2018 Estimated Indirect, Excluded & Direct Costs

2018 Proposed Expenses	Total Expenses	Indirect	Excluded	Direct
Wages (excluding paid leave)	\$ 611,109	\$ 100,237	\$ -	\$ 510,872
Benefits (including paid leave)	393,105	64,482	-	328,623
Subtotals	\$ 1,004,214	\$ 164,719	\$ -	\$ 839,495
Communication Services	33,000	19,000	-	14,000
Consultants & Contracted Svcs	581,729	27,000	43,079	511,650
Incentives	12,000	-	-	12,000
Insurance - Property & Liability	10,000	10,000	-	-
Office Equipment & Software	34,200	34,200	-	-
Pass-Through Funding	99,000	-	-	99,000
Printing	28,700	-	-	28,700
Professional Development	9,600	1,500	-	8,100
Rent	67,000	67,000	-	-
Repair & Maintenance	3,000	3,000	-	-
Supplies	9,900	6,000	-	3,900
Travel	14,340	1,000	-	13,340
Utilities	15,000	15,000	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Subtotals	\$ 917,469	\$ 183,700	\$ 43,079	\$ 690,690
Totals	\$ 1,921,683	\$ 348,419	\$ 43,079	\$ 1,530,185

Table 6: 2018 Indirect Cost Rate Calculation

CY 2018 Budgeted Indirect Cost CY 2017 Indirect carry-forward	\$ 348,419 9,013 \$ 357,432	
CY 2018 Budgeted Direct Salaries	\$ 510,872	
Total Indirect Cost	357,432	69.97%
Total Direct Salaries	510,872	00.07 70

Table 7: Reconciliation of 2017 Fringe Benefit Recovery

2017 Actual Benefit Expenses		Total	
Holiday Leave	\$	33,927	
Sick Leave		16,895	
Vacation Leave		54,793	
Other Paid Leave		-	
Subtotal	\$	105,615	
Dental		10,694	
Disability		2,896	
Health Insurance		117,529	
Life Insurance		984	
Medicare Tax		10,493	
Retirement Contributions		88,400	
Social Security		42,062	
Unemployment Tax		5,054	
Vision		2,290	
Workers Compensation Insurnace		3,510	
Subtotal	\$	283,912	
Totals	\$		Actual 2017 Fringe Benefit costs incurred
			_+/- 2016 fringe benefit carry-forward
	\$		Fringe benefits eligible for recovery in 2017
		433,415	Fringe benefits recovered in 2017
	\$	12,264	Under/(over) recovered for 2017 (carried
	· <u></u>		forward into 2018 rate)

**Table 8: Estimated 2018 Fringe Benefit Costs** 

Benefit	Budget Amount	
Holiday Leave	\$	35,948
Sick Leave		19,357
Vacation Leave		52,539
Other Paid Leave		-
Subtotal	\$	107,844
Dental		12,202
Disability		3,041
Health Insurance		111,978
Life Insurance		1,007
Medicare Tax		10,594
Retirement Contributions		91,307
Social Security		44,575
Unemployment Tax		5,037
Vision		2,651
Workers Compensation Insurnace		2,869
Subtotal	\$	285,261
Total Estimated Fringe Benefits	\$	393,105

Table 9: 2018 Fringe Benefit Rate Calculation

CY 2018 Budgeted Fringe Benefits CY 2017 Fringe Benefit carry-forward CY 2018 Recoverable Fringe Benefits estimate	\$ 393,105 12,264 405,369		
CY 2018 Budgeted Direct Salaries CY 2018 Budgeted Indirect Salaries CY 2018 Budgeted Excluded Salaries	\$ 510,872 100,237		
Total Salaries & Wages (excluding paid leave)  Total Fringe Benefits	\$ 611,109 405,369		
Total Salaries (excluding paid leave)	 611,109	=	66.33%



#### Memo

To: Whatcom MPO/RTPO Transportation Policy Board (WTPB)

**Date:** January 10, 2018

From: Hugh Conroy, Director of Planning

Subject: WCOG MPO adoption of safety performance targets pursuant to MAP-21

#### Introduction

The Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) – the U.S. transportation authorization act enacted in 2012 – created new requirements for state and metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) to conduct performance-based planning and programming including adoption of various performance measures and associated targets.

One of these performance areas is safety. After a lengthy rules making process, the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) issued the final safety performance rules in April, 2014.

Under these rules, states shall measure transportation safety performance using five USDOT-defined metrics -permutations of crash statistics on all public roads reported by severity (fatal, serious injury) and expressed as
five-year rolling averages of counts and rates-per-vehicle-miles-traveled. States and MPOs must then establish
targets for improvement in terms of the five measures. Under the rule, MPOs may establish targets either by 1)
agreeing to plan and program projects so that they contribute toward the accomplishment of the state DOT
target or 2) by developing and tracking their own target.

States were to have adopted safety targets by August 31, 2017. **MPOs must adopt by February 27, 2018** (either by linking with the state target or by submitting their own measures and targets).

#### Preparation and coordination to date

Through the MPO-WSDOT Coordinating Committee, Washington State MPOs agreed to adopt Washington State's commitment to Target Zero in February 2017.

WSDOT has also prepared a document that details the state's target-setting and performance tracking process: Target Zero, crash data, reporting schedules, periodic revisions, and possible penalties to the state for underperformance. This document, "MAP-21 & Safety, Washington State – September 2017" is attached.

#### Additional notes

WSDOT has developed statewide calculations of the five USDOT metrics and is also providing these metrics for each MPO's planning area. These data are provided to inform regional planning and programing, not as assigned sub-targets for MPOs. The only performance targets to be tracked by USDOT are the *statewide* targets.

Related to the above point, Washington MPOs are not exposed to penalties under this approach. Washington State's allocations to safety projects already exceed its federally required Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) – a circumstance that currently ensures that funds received by or distributed through MPOs would not be affected if the state were subsequently penalized by USDOT for missing safety targets.

Target Zero (zero fatalities by 2030) is a hard target to make significant progress towards but has been adopted by the state as a way to continuously promote reductions of serious crashes. Targets must be revisited annually and there are processes established to adjust them.

#### Suggested motion

"In accordance with USDOT's safety performance rules, the Whatcom Council of Governments Transportation Policy Board adopts Washington's Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) target and thus agrees to plan and program projects so that they contribute toward the accomplishment of that HSIP target (Target Zero)."



# **Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act - Final rules on traffic safety performance management**

The U.S. Department of Transportation has issued two interrelated final rules governing traffic safety and safety-oriented performance management which became effective on April 14, 2016. These two rules are referred to in this folio as

- Rule #1 Safety Performance Measures rule; (23 CFR §490)
- Rule #2 Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) rule;
   (23 CFR §924)

Both final rules relate to highway safety, the primary objective being to significantly reduce fatal and serious-injury crashes on all public roads. The Safety Performance Measures rule (Rule #1) also includes the goal of reducing traffic fatalities of and serious injuries to people using non-motorized transportation modes, namely bicyclists and pedestrians.

## **Safety Performance Reporting**

Rule #1 specifies the performance management measures for safety, and defines the target setting process for State DOTs and Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs). Per Rule #2, State DOTs will establish and report their safety targets and progress toward these targets in an annual Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) report.

## Summary of required performance measures

Rule #1 requires all State DOTs to report targets and performance with respect to the following safety performance measures:

- No. 1 Number of fatalities on all public roads (due July 1/Aug 31)
- No. 2 Number of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT) on all public roads (due July 1/Aug 31)
- No. 3 Number of serious injuries on all public roads (due July 1/Aug 31)
- No. 4 Number of serious injuries per 100
  million VMT on all public roads (due Aug 31)
- No. 5 Number of non-motorist fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads (e.g. bicyclists and pedestrians) (due Aug 31)

In general, MPOs establish targets by either agreeing to plan and program projects so that they contribute toward the accomplishment of the State DOT HSIP target, or by committing to a quantifiable target for their Metropolitan Planning Area. MPOs will report annually to their State DOT in a manner agreed upon and documented by both parties. MPOs would report safety performance in the Metropolitan Transportation Plan, as provided in U.S. Code 23 Section 134(i)(2)(C).

In Washington state, the MPOs and WSDOT worked together to jointly develop a collaborative approach in support of data, process, and target-setting decision making. This Target Setting Framework Group has agreed WSDOT will take the lead in establishing safety targets, which MPOs will adopt.

#### About this folio:

See inside for the official statewide safety targets for 2018, a description of the target setting approach for the five required safety performance measures in Washington state, and how this approach to target setting relates to the stipulations of MAP-21 rulemaking.

**Optional targets:** States have the option to set additional targets for the performance measures for any number and combination of urbanized area boundaries, as well as for a single non-urbanized area. If optional targets are set, they will not be assessed when determining significant progress, and states will not incur penalties if they fail to show progress.

#### Overlapping measures/targets in the Highway Safety Plan:

Targets for Measures No. 1-3 must also be reported to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration by July 1 of each year. They must be numerically identical targets to those reported for MAP-21 compliance on August 31 as part of the HSIP. See the Timelines section inside for details.

**MAP-21 Special Rules:** *Numeric targets are not required,* but states must report performance in these two categories, and show improvement compared to baseline.

- Fatality rate on High Risk Rural Roads (due Aug 31)
- Number of fatalities and serious injuries of drivers and pedestrians age 65 and older on all public roads (due Aug 31)

## Flexibility for safety target setting under MAP-21

State DOTs and MPOs have flexibility in setting numeric targets for the five performance measures identified in Rule #1. It does place stipulations on certain aspects of the process, however. It requires that states and MPOs report their performance metrics and targets for each of five performance measures as rolling 5-year averages. Per Rule #2, states are also required to develop a Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP). Washington state's plan is called Target Zero, which can be used as the foundation for the target setting process (http://www.targetzero.com).

## WSDOT's target adoption

WSDOT and its partners adopted the *Target Zero* approach for MAP-21 safety target setting in February 2017. See the table below for the targets produced via this method. Governor Inslee has endorsed this data-driven approach to traffic safety, as have statewide safety partners.

#### **MAP-21 Safety Target Setting**

5-yr. rolling averages; number of persons, or number of persons per 100 million VMT

2016 Baseline

		Statewide MAP-21 Target (Target Zero)
No. 1 - Fatalities	484.8	415.5
No. 2 - Fatality rate	0.828	0.709
No. 3 - Serious injuries	2,086.0	1,788.0
No. 4 - Serious injury rate	3.568	3.058
No. 5 - Non-motorist fatalities & serious injuries	503.4	431.5

2018 Official Targets

Data sources: Washington State Traffic Safety Commission - Fatality Analysis Reporting System; Washington State Department of Transportation - Transportation Data, GIS & Modeling Office.

## FHWA's "Significant Progress" measurement

At the end of each reporting period, FHWA will determine whether a state has made overall "significant progress" toward achieving their safety targets. The penalties listed on the back page of this folio, including the obligation of state funds, will apply to the State DOT if FHWA deems it has not made that progress.

To make significant progress overall, a state must make significant progress in achieving at least four out of five targets. For each measure, there are two ways this can be done. For example, the value of the 5-year rolling average in 2018 must be:

- At or below the target set in 2017 for the 2018 year, OR
- At or below its 2016 (baseline) level. The FHWA included this provision to avoid punishing aspirational target setting.

If either of these conditions is met, the state has made significant progress for that individual measure. It must do so in any four of the five measures to have made significant progress overall and avoid the penalty provisions. For example, in the graph for Measure No. 1, Washington must lower the 5-year average to fewer than 484.8 fatalities (the baseline value) to achieve significant progress in that measure.

## WSDOT uses Target Zero to reduce fatality and serious injuries

Due to long-term fatality reductions in Washington coupled with a recent rise in the number of fatalities, WSDOT may not achieve overall significant progress toward these targets. WSDOT and its partners concur that Target Zero should be consistently used to move Washington forward with fatality and serious injury reductions. WSDOT will continue to monitor spending levels and penalty consequences to assess risk and the impacts of this target setting approach.

The general process for generating trend and target information as prescribed by Rule #1 proceeds as follows:

- The annual number of fatalities, serious injuries, and Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) is determined for a 10-year period.
- A 5-year rolling average is calculated for each performance measure. For example, in the graph for Measure No. 1, data from 2006-2010 creates the value of the rolling average in 2010—535.4 fatalities. Data from 2007-2011 creates the next 5-year rolling average in 2011
- The rolling 5-year average value for 2016 will be set as the baseline performance (annual average of 2012 through 2016).

States are then free to develop targets using any variety of databased methods. In *Target Zero* and Washington state's particular approach to target setting, the method to establish targets continues:

- A straight line will be drawn from the baseline value to a zero value in 2030. (The line is redrawn with each new year of data.)
- The value of the *Target Zero* trendline in 2018 becomes the target for the performance measure in 2018.

#### **Timelines**

Final targets for these measures were ratified when official 2016 VMT data became available in June 2017. All targets are set for 2018 using 2012-2016 data as the baseline period, and the 2016 data used is preliminary FARS data. (Rule #1 provides the option of using either final or preliminary FARS data when setting targets, but in actuality the finalized data for the most recent year would not be available until after the State DOTs' annual reporting deadline.)

For MAP-21 compliance, all five targets must be reported to FHWA by the HSIP submission deadline August 31, 2017. However, targets for Measures No. 1–3 are also required in the state's Highway Safety Plan, which was submitted to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration on July 1, 2017. Targets in both submissions must be numerically identical.

MPOs have until February 27, 2018 (180 days after the HSIP reporting deadline) to either agree to plan and program projects so that they contribute toward the accomplishment of the State DOT HSIP target, or commit to a quantifiable target for their Metropolitan Planning Area. In Washington state, MPOs have agreed to adopt the WSDOT target.

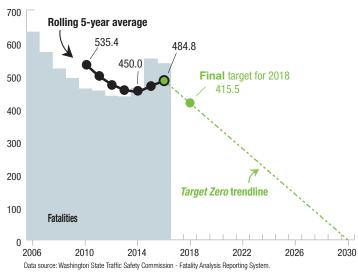
In December 2019, the FHWA will make its first determinations of significant progress toward achieving 2018 targets. They will notify states of the outcome in March 2020.

## **About these graphs**

These graphs display the final 2018 targets for each of the five MAP-21 safety performance measures, and show the Target Zero methodology that will be used for safety target setting in Washington state. The targets were developed by WSDOT in coordination with the Washington State Metropolitan Planning Organizations, the Washington State Traffic Safety Commission, and other partners.

#### Measure No. 1 - Fatalities

2006 through 2030; Fatalities in Washington state



#### Measure No. 2 - Fatality rate

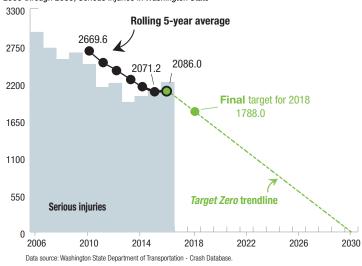
2006 through 2030; Fatalities per 100 million VMT in Washington state



Notes for all graphics: Fatality data for 2015 is finalized as of January 2017, serious injury count for 2015 is as of April 2017. All data for 2016 is preliminary as of April 2017. Under 23 U.S. Code § 148 and 23 U.S. Code § 409, safety data, reports, surveys, schedules, lists compiled or collected for the purpose of identifying, evaluating, or planning the safety enhancement of potential crash sites, hazardous roadway conditions, or railway-highway crossings are not subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a federal or state court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location mentioned or addressed in such reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data.

#### Measure No. 3 - Serious injuries

2006 through 2030; Serious injuries in Washington State



#### Measure No. 4 - Serious injury rate

2006 through 2030; Serious injuries per 100 million VMT in Washington state



#### Measure No. 5 - Non-motorist fatalities and serious injuries

2006-2030; Fatalities and serious injuries in Washington state



Data sources: Washington State Traffic Safety Commission - Fatality Analysis Reporting System: Washington State Department of Transportation - Crash Database, Highway Performance Monitoring System.



## **Penalties**

As described in U.S. Code 23 Section 148(i), for the Final Safety Performance Rule (Rule #1), if the U.S. Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) Secretary determines a state has not met or made significant progress toward achieving its safety performance targets by the date that is two years after the establishment of its targets, the State DOT would:

- Dedicate its obligation authority equal to the apportionment for HSIP to the state for the prior year to highway safety improvement projects until the U.S. DOT Secretary determines that the state has made significant progress or met the targets; and
- Annually submit to U.S. DOT a safety implementation plan until the U.S. DOT Secretary determines that the state has made significant progress or met the targets.

See WSDOT's <u>MAP-21 Funding and Performance Penalties</u> folio for full details, including special rule penalties.

## **Available Data**

- Number of traffic fatalities for all public roads
- Rate of traffic fatalities per 100 million Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) for all public roads¹
- Number of serious traffic injuries for all public roads
- Rate of serious traffic injuries per 100 million VMT for all public roads<sup>1</sup>
- Bicyclist/Pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries for all public roads²
- Fatality and serious injury data for drivers and pedestrians age 65 and older<sup>3</sup>
- Rate of traffic fatalities for all High Risk Rural Roads (HRRR)<sup>13</sup>

Notes: Crash data is available for all Washington public roads and annual summaries are also available by county. WSDOT entered into a data sharing agreement with the Washington Traffic Safety Commission to incorporate the fatality data necessary for target setting. 1 The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) requires the use of Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) data for any performance metric involving estimated vehicle miles travelled.
2 This data is required as part of the Fiscal Year 2015 Omnibus Appropriations Bill. 3 This data satisfies a MAP-21 special rule reported at the statewide level to FHWA, that may be of interest to MPOs.

## For more information

MAP-21 safety requirements information: John Milton, Director of Quality Assurance and Transportation System Safety, at (360) 704-6363 or MiltonJ@wsdot.wa.gov.

Dan Davis, Assistant Director, Office of Strategic Assessment and Performance Analysis, at (360) 705-7558, or DavisD@wsdot.wa.gov.

Traffic crash fatal and serious injury data: Mike Bernard at (360) 570-2454, BernarM@wsdot.wa.gov. Data is protected by U.S. Code 23 §148

#### What is the current distribution of HSIP funds?

Safety: Federal Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) funding provided to the state is split based upon fatal and serious injury crash data on state and local facilities. The HSIP funds are used to implement engineering countermeasures which reduce fatal and serious injury crashes. WSDOT manages the Local Federal Safety program and provides more than \$24 million annually for improvements on local facilities. WSDOT prioritizes the improvements on state and local facilities based on crash data and benefit-cost analysis. The HSIP is one component of WSDOT's total annual expenditure on safety projects. WSDOT uses additional funds from other federal and state resources each year, averaging over \$15 million since 2013.

## Data collection

- MAP-21 requires fatality data from the Washington State Traffic Safety Commission's (WTSC) Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) and serious injury data from WSDOT's system.
- State law enforcement officers record crash events in The Washington State Police Traffic Collision Report. This report is the sole source for all WSDOT serious injury data and most FARS data, with few exceptions.
- MAP-21 requires Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) data from WSDOT's Highway Performance Monitoring System. Along with the number of fatalities or serious injuries, VMT is used to calculate the rate of fatalities or serious injuries per 100 million VMT.
- WSDOT's serious injury data and FARS fatality data for the previous calendar year is preliminarily available in about February and April of the following year, respectively. WSDOT's VMT data is available about June of the following calendar year.

## **Purpose of reporting requirements**

In July 2012, the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) became law. The primary objectives of MAP-21 are to increase the transparency and accountability of states for their investment of federal taxpayer dollars into transportation infrastructure and services nationwide, and to ensure that states invest money in transportation projects that collectively make progress toward the achievement of national goals. The new rules will require reporting performance on the following areas: Safety; Pavement and Bridge; System Performance, Freight, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality.

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**Title VI Statement to Public:** It is the Washington State Department of Transportation's (WSDOT) policy to assure that no person shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin or sex, as provided by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise discriminated against under any of its federally funded programs and activities. Any person who believes his/her Title VI protection has been violated, may file a complaint with WSDOT's Office of Equal Opportunity (OEO). For additional information regarding Title VI complaint procedures and/or information regarding our non-discrimination obligations, please contact OEO's Title VI Coordinator at (360) 705-7082.

and §409, but can be requested.



#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: Whatcom Transportation Policy Board

From: Bob Wilson, Executive Director

Date: January 10, 2018

Subject: Mark Robbins' CTAG Membership Request

In December, Arthur Reber of Point Roberts resigned his seat on the Citizens' Transportation Advisory Group, citing a conflict with his membership on the Point Roberts Water Board, to which he was appointed in 2016. In light of Arthur's resignation, Mark Robbins, also of Point Roberts, is requesting that the Policy Board appoint him as an at-large member, ostensibly as Arthur's replacement to represent Point Roberts.

#### **SUGGESTED MOTION:**

Move to appoint Mark Robbins of Point Roberts to the Citizens' Transportation Advisory Group.

Attachments (2)

From: Mark Robbins
To: Bob Wilson

Cc: Arthur Reber; Hugh Conroy

Subject: Re: Point Roberts representation on CTAG

Date: Tuesday, December 05, 2017 3:12:52 PM

#### Hi Bob,

Thank you for looking into this matter. I know that Arthur has felt that participating in and representing Point Roberts on CTAG was beneficial. I have had the opportunity to attend a couple of meeting with Arthur in the past. Currently, I am the president of the Point Roberts Taxpayers Association (PRTA) which broadly seeks to bring both full-time and part-time, US and Canadian residents of Point Roberts together in a common effort to improve services, environment, business and employment opportunities, the economy, and quality of life in Point Roberts. PRTA is an active member of the Point Roberts Community Advisory Committee, which has been established by County ordinance to advise the County Executive and Council. We are also active participants in an ad hoc Point Roberts Border Committee that meets periodically with Customs and Border Protection officials to solve border related problems at the Point Roberts port of entry.

With that background in mind, I would hereby apply to serve on CTAG in Arthur's place, since he finds that he is unable to continue in that position.

Sincerely,

Mark Robbins 2110 Deer Road, PO Box 141 Point Roberts, WA 98281

mark.robbins@prodigy.net (360) 945-1357

From: Bob Wilson <Bob@wcog.org>

To: Mark Robbins <mark.robbins@prodigy.net>

Cc: Arthur Reber <areber@brooklyn.cuny.edu>; Hugh Conroy <hugh@wcog.org>

Sent: Tuesday, December 5, 2017 1:19 PM

Subject: RE: Point Roberts representation on CTAG

Mark, Arthur:

Arthur, you were appointed to CTAG by the Whatcom Transportation Policy Board, so therefore you should send me – as Secretary of the Policy Board – an e-mail resigning your seat. Mark, you can also send me an e-mail requesting an appointment to CTAG, which I'll put on the agenda of the next Policy Board meeting, which is on January 17<sup>th</sup>.

Have a good day.

#### **Bob Wilson**

From:

Arthur Reber

Sent:

Tuesday, December 05, 2017 2:31 PM

To:

Bob Wilson

Subject:

Resignation

#### Bob:

Sorry I missed the last several meetings of CTAG but the time conflicts with the meeting of the Point Roberts Water Board to which I was elected last year.

It's been a pleasure working with you and the other members but, as of today I am resigning from the Citizens Transportation Advisory Group.

Best,

Arthur